# Torres Strait Fisheries Exporter's Handbook











#### DISCLAIMER

This Handbook provides a guide for exporters of seafood products from the Torres Strait. Information and advice contained herein are intended to be a general guide only, and does not guarantee specific outcomes for all seafood exporters who use it.

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**Torres Strait Regional Authority** 

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#### Foreword

To all Torres Strait Islanders,

It is with great pleasure that we present to you the Torres Strait Fisheries Exporter's Handbook.

Whether you are a highly experienced and seasoned seafood exporter or have aspirations to become one, this handbook provides you with a step-by-step guide to the exporting and marketing process.

You will discover whether you and your business is export ready and what you need to do to be successful as an exporter. The handbook details the steps and processes you need to undertake and provides a guide to the myriad of information resources, people and / or government departments that are available to help you.

You will find checklists and hints to help you navigate through the handbook and help you develop an action plan tailored to your circumstances. Importantly the handbook will help you avoid costly and time-consuming mistakes!

This handbook has been produced as part of a Torres Strait Regional Authority commissioned project called "Assessing Direct Export Feasibility, Marketing and Branding Opportunities for Torres Strait Fisheries Derived Products" (FRDC Project 2016/244)

This overarching project has helped define feasible direct export pathways for Torres Strait seafood businesses and outlines how a whole of industry Torres Strait seafood brand could support market development efforts in Australia and internationally.

From all of us at the Torres Strait Regional Authority, we wish you all profitable exporting success!

Torres Strait Regional Authority









## Navigating this handbook



#### Appendices

Appendix 1: Torres Strait Fisheries Key Seafood Export Products Report Appendix 2: Market Profiles: China Hong Kong Singapore and Japan Appendix 3: Seafood E-commerce Opportunities Appendix 4: Useful Exporter Resources

This handbook is a guide to the export process. It is organised into three sections as per the diagram below. Checklists and hints are provided to help navigate through the guide. Resources and people who can provide help are listed in Appendix 4.



This handbook provides information and resources to help you answer the following questions:

Am I export ready?

What do I need to fix or change in my business to be able to start exporting?

What steps and processes do I need to undertake to be in a better position to begin exporting?

What information, people or departments are available to help me?

What is my plan of action?



Throughout the handbook you will see a number of symbols. Here is what they mean:



# Important information

# Link to more information

Tips and ideas

Rules and regulations

Checklists

#### Exporting

Export can be done directly or indirectly from the Torres Strait. See the diagrams on the opposite pages showing how this works.

When you export directly you own the product until it is sold to a buyer in an overseas market. This means that you are also responsible for what happens to the product along the journey.

Whether you decide to go direct or indirect this handbook outlines the steps needed to undertake export from the Torres Strait.

#### Indirect Fishers sells to a buyer who then exports the product. Responsibility for the product ends with the first sale. export Overseas **Torres Strait** market/s Fishers Producer/ Customer Exporter Exporter Sells product to a customer Customer provides the exporter with specifications Exporter contracts and manages service providers Exporter provides the Transport producer with Process and Storage specifications pack Direct The fisher is the exporter and retains responsibility for the product through the chain – engaging service export providers, to get the product to the customer. **Torres Straits Overseas** Fishers market/s Producer/ Customer Producer/Exporter sells product to the customer Exporter Customer provides the producer/exporter with specifications Producer contracts and manages service providers Transport Process and Storage pack





# Part 1: **Research & Planning**

## Sources of information -



Use a range of search terms to find useful reports and resources to help you. Try FRDC, TSRA, Trade & Investment Qld, Austrade and others



Here is a link to some useful resources: https://www.business.qld.gov.au/ starting-business/planning/marketcustomer-research

## Introduction to this section

Whether you decide to export directly or indirectly it is important that you understand your:



Research & Planning



#### **CUSTOMERS**

The greatest asset for a business is customer demand!

Surveys and interviews are a great way to find out more about your customer. You can do this yourself or get someone else to do it on your behalf.

## **ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR CUSTOMERS...**

- Who are they?
- Where are they?
- What do they want/need?
- How important it is to them to have your product?
- How much will they pay for it?
- How will they get it?

**Research & Planning** 





#### **PRODUCTS**

Once you know what your customer wants, you need to be clear about what your product is and consider how it fits into the market you are investigating.

See Appendices 1 and 2 Torres Strait Fisheries key Export Products

## SOME QUESTIONS TO ASK **ABOUT YOUR PRODUCTS**

- What products do you have?
- How much product do you have? Are they seasonal or available all year round?
- How does your product/service meet your customer needs?
- where does it come from?
- What product format does your customer want? Can you provide the product in the right format?
- Does your customer have specifications that you need to meet? Can you meet them? How do you meet them? Is it documented?
- What packaging is needed to transport your product safely to your customer?
- How will your product get to your customer? Is this reliable?

What is special about your product? What is the story behind your product

Research & Planning



#### **COMPETITION**

You need to know about your competition. What products do they offer and how is yours different? How can you communicate that difference? What is your price point and what is theirs?

Note: Don't compete on price alone! That is a race to the bottom.

## SOME QUESTIONS TO ASK **ABOUT YOUR COMPETITORS**

- What other products are you competing with?
- How is your product different to your competitors?
- > What do your competitors say about their products? What makes their products special?
- How can your product stand out from the crowd? What makes your product special?
- What are your competitors' price points? How far away from their price points are you? Is that difference justified? If so, how?
- What are your points of differentiation? Product and non-product based?

Research & Planning



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#### **MARKETS**

Once you know your customers (there may be more than one type!) and which products/services you will provide then you MUST check the rules and regulations of the importing country.

This is critical as these can impact whether it is worth the effort!!

## SOME QUESTIONS TO ASK **ABOUT MARKET ACCESS**

- What tariffs apply to your product?
- more expensive than your competitors?
- can it be done?



A Tariff is a tax imposed by a government on goods and services imported from other countries.

**)** If a market imposes tariffs, how much is it, and does it make your product

**What non-tariff barriers are there?** What testing has to be done and where

> Are there any specific cultural, social, economic or political considerations?



Research & Planning



#### **FINANCES**

This is important as there is significant investment needed to market your product and to implement systems to enable you to export.

Work out what your budget is and write it down.

## SOME QUESTIONS TO ASK **ABOUT FINANCE**

- How will you finance export marketing. Is this included in your budget?
- How will you finance the extra costs of getting your product to market (e.g. storage, transport, export certification)?
- How will you get paid?
- When will you get paid?
- What are your payment terms?







Research & Planning



#### **YOUR EXPORT STRATEGY**



All of the information you have gathered can be summarised into one document. This is your export strategy.

It doesn't need to be a long document but it should cover the basics so that you know how you are performing.

Here is a link to a template you can use

### **Research & Planning** Checklist





If you can tick all of the above then you are ready to move to the next section!





You have the right product in the right quantities demanded

You know that you have market access to your target market

You know who your competitors are, what they are doing

Part 2: **Regulations &** Documentation

#### **Steps to** export

These are the steps that you need to complete to gain export registration.

More detail about each of these steps is provided on the following pages



#### Introduction to this section

Having developed your export strategy based on researching customers, products, markets and finances you now need to look at the technical aspects of exporting. There are Australian laws and regulations that you must comply with as well as importing country requirements.

Throughout the handbook you will see a number of symbols. Here is what they mean.



Export Permit This is where you will complete the procedures for an export permit

Declaration This is where you complete the documentation to declare the goods that you are exporting

Export goods Ready to go!

#### This section of the handbook sets out the basic requirements for export and the documentation you will need to prepare.



Regulations & Documentation

Exports from Australia are subject to laws passed by the Australian Parliament. There are specific requirements relating to seafood exporters. These are known as Orders and are changed by the relevant Minister from time to time.







Here is the link to the **Export Control (Fish and Fish Products)** Orders 2005 https://www.legislation.gov.au/Details/F2007C00765

#### Step 1: Are you selling a prescribed good?

#### **Non Prescribed Goods**

- Shells
- Seaweed
- Products where fish is an ingredient but not the major part (weight or volume) of the product (e.g. bakery products containing fish oils, fish oil capsules)
- Fish and fish products for animal food
- Products where fish is an ingredient but not described or represented as being a fish product.

#### **Prescribed Goods**

- Abalone
- Crocodile
- Crustaceans (such as prawns, rock lobster, yabbies, crabs)
- Finfish (such as eel, tuna)
- Shellfish (such as oysters, scallops, mussels, pipis, clams, cockles)
- Products where if fish was removed as an ingredient, the product would no longer have the stated or implied characteristics (such as sand-crab lasagne, smoked salmon dip, fish sauce).

#### IF YOU ARE SELLING A NON PRESCRIBED GOOD, STOP HERE AND VISIT THE LINK BELOW

If you are exporting non prescribed goods then you do not have to comply with the Export Control Orders. However there may be specific requirements imposed by the importing country.



Guidance for exporting nonprescribed goods can be found via the link below. http://www.agriculture.gov. au/export/controlled-goods/



The rest of this handbook will deal only with the requirements of Prescribed Goods.

If you are exporting Prescribed Goods please proceed to **STEP 2**.

Step 2

First Ald

Step 2



Check the importing country requirements set out in MICoR (Manual of Importing Country Requirements).

## Sources of information -

You should ask your importer to check with the importing country authority that the information in MICoR is

https://micor.agriculture.gov.au/fish/Pages/ default.aspx

up to date.

MICoR can be searched by country. Some key requirements for the major markets for Torres Strait Fisheries products are summarised on the following pages.

CHINA

Here is the link to MICoR for China https://micor.agriculture.gov.au/Fish/Pages/china/china.aspx

#### HONG KONG

Here is the link to MICoR for Hong Kong https://micor.agriculture.gov.au/Fish/Pages/hong\_kong/hong\_kong.aspx



\*

Here is the link to MICoR for Japan https://micor.agriculture.gov.au/Fish/Pages/japan/japan.aspx

#### SINGAPORE

Here is the link to MICoR for Singapore https://micor.agriculture.gov.au/Fish/Pages/singapore/singapore.aspx



#### **Step 2: Importing country requirements**





**Regulations & Documentation** 

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where product is for export.



#### **Safe Food Queensland Accreditation**

safe:food

One of the requirements for exporter registration is to be approved for domestic purposes. Safe Food Queensland manages this for the Torres Strait and requires accreditation for the following activities:



- Commercial fishing
- Land based seafood processing
- Storing seafood (cold storage and live fish)

To obtain accreditation you will need to submit either a Food Safety Plan or a Management Statement. See Appendix 4.



Note: There is a fee for obtaining a Safe Food Queensland accreditation.

#### **Approved Arrangements for Export**



An Approved Arrangement (AA) is also required. AA is a Food Safety Program that includes a HACCP plan. The AA is approved by Biosecurity Australia following an audit. An AA is reviewed:

- When you apply for registration as an establishment
- > At regular audits

A list of documents that are typically included in the Approved Arrangement are provided in Appendix 4.

# Sources of information -



An AA audit checklist can be found here: http://www.agriculture.gov.au/ SiteCollectionDocuments/agis/ exporting/dairy/checklists/aa-checklistprocessing-establishments.pdf

> Note: Any changes to the business impacting on the AA documents, must be approved before the changes can occur.

Australian Government Department of Agriculture and Water Resources







Documentation showing compliance with import country testing requirements should be kept with your AA documentation.





#### **Step 4: Suppliers**

**@** 88

If you export products that are caught and delivered to you by another person or company, they must also be export registered.





#### **Step 5: Proving Exporter Eligibility**

You need to make a declaration of compliance (for each shipment) that confirms that the goods are eligible for export and that the product:

- Is fit for human consumption
- Meets all requirements under the Export Control (Fish and Fish Products) Orders 2005
- Complies with importing country requirements.

If you receive or move goods from your export registered establishment to another, you must make a transfer declaration. The declaration must identify the specific goods and state that the product has been stored in accordance with:

- the Export Control (Fish and Fish Products) Orders 2005
- importing country requirements.







#### **Step 6: Export permits**

When your products are packaged and ready to be exported you will need to make a Request for Permit (RFP) using EXDOC (or NEXDOC if it is launched).

You will select a fish product code which is then used in customs declarations and links your permit to the registered establishment.

When an RFP is approved, you will be issued with:

- An export permit
- A health certificate, if required by the importing country.



You may need to make a customs export declaration and be issued with an Export Declaration Number (EDN).



#### Note: A fee is charged for this



#### **Step 7: Declaration**





- You can link your EXDOC account with the customs system (ICS) by
- 1. Registering your ABN in the customs system
- 2. Applying for access to the EXDOC Single Electronic Window

Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5	Step 6	Step 7	Step 8
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#### YOU HAVE YOUR **EXPORT PERMITS**

If you have followed all the steps in this section you have all the permits and certifications you need to export

## **Export Documentation** Checklist





ready to move to the next section!



You have achieved Safe Food Queensland accreditation and

You have an Approved Arrangement which has been audited

# If you can tick all of the above then you are

Part 3: Markets and Marketing

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Photo: Brand concept from 'Assessing Direct Export Feasibility, Marketing and Branding Opportunities for Torres Strait Fisheries Derived Products Project 2016/244'

#### Introduction to this section

This section provides information about the marketing and communications activities you should do to support your export performance.

Only a summary is provided here as you will need to get expert advice and assistance to suit your particular business circumstance.

Additional resources are listed in the Appendices.

Throughout the handbook you will see a number of symbols. Here is what they mean.







IMPORTANT INFORMATION **LINK TO MORE INFORMATION** 

**TIPS & IDEAS** 



CHECKLISTS



**RULES &** REGULATIONS

Markets and Marketing



# Your story

The Torres Strait has an incredible story to tell, and unique products for consumers looking for new and exciting culinary experiences.

There is a great opportunity to position the products as luxury, with authentic Torres Strait Island stories, proud traditions and fishing culture, a pristine sustainable island environment and niche, rare hand-caught produce.



#### **Customers**

Before starting on your marketing program you really need to know and understand your customer.



#### **Customer Persona**

Using the information that you gather when visiting the market you need to describe your customer. Give them a name if you like.

Use this template to draw a picture of your customer:



#### Visit the market

If you have never been to the market, you need to do this as your very first step. You can read about a market but there is nothing more informative and insightful than actually visiting the market and talking to customers. It is the best way to find out what is happening, not only for your product, but more generally about consumer trends and buying behaviour as well as competitor activities.

> Honey & Fox offer tailored market insiders study tours. For more information go to www.marketinsiders.com.au



The more you know about your customers and what they want the more you can tailor the communication that you have with them about your product. You want your product story to resonate with them, for your product to stand out from the crowd and appeal to them.

> If you have completed your export strategy you should have most of this information!

Markets and Marketing

### **Customer Journey**

Find out what the customer journey is. How will a customer find out about your product and buy it? Knowing this will help you target your marketing activities.



## **Cultural Considerations**

Know and understand the cultural dos and don'ts for your target market.



A good resource can be found here: https://www.austrade.gov.au/Australian/How-Austrade-

**Note:** The specific journey each customer takes will be different, but there are commonalities that will help you decide how to market to your customers generally.

#### **Content is King**

To get ready for communicating and promoting your products you need to gather content. To tell your story you will need photos, videos, testimonials, information about your product, where you come from and how you get the product to market.



Markets and Marketing

## **Get Online**

Establishing a company website and social media platforms such as Facebook and/or Instagram are essential marketing tools for all businesses, particularly food businesses. The first place that customers will look for you is on-line and they need to find your company or they may doubt your credibility and authenticity. If your target market is China, the online platforms are different. See Appendix 3 for further information.



You can do this yourself (lots of resources available online to help you do it). For a premium product offering it is prudent to get professional advice and assistance.

#### **Customer Touchpoints**

Your customers will connect with your brand in a number of different ways. A mix of marketing channels and tactics is required to communicate effectively with your target customers. Here are some examples, think of all the places you will connect with your customers:





High quality informative website optimised for international viewers



Social Media Posting consistent messages regularly on platforms that appeal to your target customers

Markets and Marketing

#### **Branding**

#### What do you want your customers to think about you?

Your brand DNA should be developed by understanding how you want your products to make your customers feel, it should guide everything you do - how you behave as a company and how you communicate.



## Working on your brand is an important investment.

A brand is far more than a logo.



Brand

The company image as a whole including what you do and say

and how people feel about you

and your product.



#### Identity

The visual aspects of the brand, including great photography of your product, and other visual elements that reflect your brand personality.

A brand is the set of expectations, memories, stories and relationships that, taken together, account for a consumer's decision to choose one product or service over another.

- Seth Godin



#### **Brand Recognition** and Demand Marketing and branding is essential to a business. Strong brand recognition

and brand awareness with the customer will increase customer demand for your product through the supply chain and help you have more control of how your product is valued.

> Importer Demand generates sales revenue

ഹ

Producer/ Exporter



#### Logo

Identifies a business in its simplest form via the use of a mark or icon.





#### YOU ARE NOW READY TO CONNECT WITH YOUR CUSTOMERS!

#### Marketing Checklist

You have visited the market you are targeting You have researched your market and know where your product will be positioned You know who your customer is and their customer journey You have established trusted supply chain partnerships to get your product to the market You are clear about what your company brand is Your logo and brand identifiers are trademarked in Australia and in your target markets You have high quality photography and marketing collateral You have established a company website that reflects your branding You have established relevant social media sites to connect and engage with your target market You have identified trade shows and events that will help you market your product



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# Appendix 1 **Torres Strait Fisheries Key** Seafood Export Products Report



#### Introduction

Here is an overview of the market environment and opportunities for the major fisheries products from the Torres Strait for 2018-2019.

Attractiveness and difficulty rankings are provided which are then used to provide a combined priority ranking score.

The priority ranking identifies first, second and third priorities for investment for a collaborative approach to Torres Strait product and market development – including brand development.



#### **Beche de Mer**

Species: Various

**Target Markets:** China\*, Hong Kong, Singapore, Malaysia

**Competitors:** China, Japan, Indonesia, Philippines, Thailand

**Product formats:** Blanched, gutted, salted, dried

Beach prices: Difficult to determine (see below)

Market prices 2018: Dried: \$120 to \$280/kg

IQF Frozen: \$10 to \$20/kg

#### **Considerations:**

It is difficult to calculate accurate beach prices or the profitability of the Beche de Mer fishery due to the lack of good quality catch data and the presence of a cash market in the Torres Strait.

As it is a highly complex market, it will be important to have a well respected and well connected buyer in target markets. There are opportunities to build profile in Australia targeting the Chinese/Asian visitor market. The rise of e-commerce in target markets also provide market entry opportunities

China has a large and growing aquaculture sector providing an opportunity to differentiate TSI product as wild caught.

\* Beche de Mer is not currently on the approved list for exporting from Australia for import to China

#### **Tropical Rock Lobster**

#### **Species:**

Panulirus ornatus

**Target Markets:** Live: China, Hong Kong Tails: USA

#### **Competitors:**

Australia (WRL, SRL), USA/Canada, South Africa Tropical: Indonesia, Philippines, Vietnam, Thailand, Papua New Guinea

#### **Product formats:**

Live and frozen tails

#### **Beach prices:**

Average approximately \$20/kg (2016)

#### Market prices :

Varies. Average across all formats and sizes, approximately \$60+/kg (2016)

#### **Considerations:**

The live market in China continues to be the major market for all spiny rock lobster species globally with fierce competition from other producers. Tropical lobster aquaculture is making inroads to the market creating a niche for "plate sized" lobsters.

Moving from frozen tails to live product format requires an investment in land based holding facilities as well as supply chain integration.

See next pages for detailed information about beach prices and market prices for rock lobster from Australia.

#### **Rock Lobster market price trends**



#### **Rock lobster beach price trends**



This graph shows the landed price paid for Australian rock lobster based on location of catch. The decline in beach prices paid for Queensland catch is due to much of the product still being sold as frozen tails which commands a lower price. The beach price has not kept pace with inflation.

Source: Australian Venture Consultants (2018) Australasian Institute for Spiny (Rock) Lobster Research – A concept study



2014/15

In contrast to beach price, export prices have increased significantly. The graph shows that, while still lower than prices paid for rock lobsters sourced from other States, the export prices for Qld sourced rock lobster have significantly increased over the past 5 years (and have outstripped inflation).

Source: Australian Venture Consultants (2018) Australasian Institute for Spinv (Rock) Lobster Research – A concept study

Appendix 1



#### **Fin Fish**

#### Species:

Main targets: Spanish Mackerel (Scomberomorus commerson.) and Coral Trout (Plectopomus spp.)

Target Markets: China, Hong Kong, Japan, USA,

New Zealand
Competitors:

Indonesia, Philippines, Thailand Vietnam

#### **Product formats:**

frozen whole (Coral Trout), frozen trunk (Sp. Mackerel

Beach prices: Coral trout: \$4.00/kg, Spanish Mackerel: \$10/kg

Market prices 2018: Varies

#### **Considerations:**

The majority of the finfish catch from the Torres Strait Fisheries is sold as whole frozen however live fin fish is the most valuable product format for Australian fin fish exports (ABARES estimates live finfish prices in 2015/2016 averaged \$39.75/kg)

The benefits and costs of changing from a frozen whole product to a frozen filleted product has been examined in previous TSRA studies (Bodsworth, 2016). Changing to a live market will require significant investment in facilities, quality systems, fishing gear and practices. This could be further explored but is not ranked as high as other product/ market options.

The domestic Australian market is a largely un-tapped opportunity for a branded Torres Strait Industry fin fish product offering.





# Product / Market combinations

The previous pages summarised the state of markets for individual products. The next three pages uses this information to determine an attractiveness ranking and a difficulty ranking for product and ,arket combinations

Attractiveness relates to opportunities for developing existing and new market niches (taking into account competitors, prices and product positioning opportunities)

Difficulty relates to how difficult it is to do businesses (taking into account social/ cultural/economic and political situations)

These ranking are then combined to create a priority matrix.



#### **Product/market attractiveness ranking**

Product (species and form)	Target Markets	Attractiveness Ranking
Rock Lobster (live)	China/Hong Kong	1
Sea Cucumber (dried salted)	Hong Kong, Singapore	2
Finfish (chilled/frozen)	Australia (domestic)	3
Rock Lobster (frozen tails)	USA, China/Hong Kong	4
Finfish (live)	China/Hong Kong	5

#### **Product/market difficulty ranking**

Product (species and form)	Target Markets	Attractiveness Ranking
Rock Lobster (live)	China/Hong Kong	3
Sea Cucumber (dried salted)	Hong Kong, Singapore	4
Finfish (chilled/frozen)	Australia (domestic)	1
Rock Lobster (frozen tails)	USA, China/Hong Kong	2
Finfish (live)	China/Hong Kong	5

#### **Overall priority ranking (effort and return)**

Product (species and form)	Target Markets	Difficulty Ranking	Attractiveness Ranking	Overall ranking
Rock Lobster (live)	China/Hong Kong	3	1	1
Sea Cucumber (dried salted)	Hong Kong, Singapore	4	2	2
Finfish (chilled/frozen)	Australia (domestic)	1	3	1
Rock Lobster (frozen tails)	USA, China/Hong Kong	2	4	2
Finfish (live)	China/Hong Kong	5	5	3

**KEY** 1= High 5 = Low

# **Appendix 2**

#### Market Profiles China, Hong Kong, Singapore and Japan

CHINA Market Dashboard	Australian Rock (\$'000) The China Free Trade Agreement came into fu force in January 2019. There has been a signific shift to direct exports to China with consequent reductions to other mark such as Hong Kong.
GDP (2017) \$US23.12 trillion	Populatio
Per Capita GDP (2017) \$US 16,600pa	1.38 billion pe Urban dwel 59.2%
added, particu	r week from Australia with more be ularly to 2nd tier cities and the west le of the well serviced Beijing, Shan
highly season Tropical marin	res strongly in Chinese cuisine. De al linked to festivals and special occ ne seafood is particularly favoured i sive dishes such as lobsters are pop e".
for centuries i	cularly sea cucumber has been deso n Traditional Chinese Medicine as <u>c</u> on and for general strengthening pr
The Approved Species List China from Australia	for Import to
Tropical Rock Lobster Live, chilled and frozen	$\checkmark$
Sea Cucumber	×
Coral Trout	~
Spanish Mackeral	×

#### k Lobster exports to major markets





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#### Top 5 Market Opportunities for Torres Strait Seafood

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Imported seafood, particularly from Australia is preferred to local products as it is perceived to be safe to eat due to the environment it grows in.



E-commerce both B2C and B2B provides new channels for connecting with the end users



Seafood, particularly expensive seafood is linked to eating out of home so developing connections with the catering sector will support market development



Rising disposable incomes means that the potential market for seafood is constantly growing with new consumers now able to afford high end seafood



New retail, combination of supermarket, restaurant, fresh seafood market and online APP provides opportunities to get in front of consumers

Appendix 2



Appendix 2



#### Capitalise on Australia's Competitive Advantages

Reputation for high level of food safety	$\checkmark$	
Reputation for environmental management	$\checkmark$	
Similar time zones	$\checkmark$	
Counter-seasonal supply	$\checkmark$	

#### Top 4 Market Opportunities for Torres Strait Seafood



(2)

(3)

(4)

Japan as one of the world's largest consumers fish and seafood products is heavily reliant on imports.

Seafood products such as frozen, prepared and preserved lobster products are in high demand in recent years

Two Free Trade Agreements, CPTPP and JAEPA are currently in force for Japan, which has reduced/eliminated tariffs on many seafood.

Online retail is an emerging opportunity. Japanese manufacturers, processors, wholesalers, restaurants chains and supermarkets are all interested in clean, safe, price-competitive and value-add products from overseas.

# **Appendix 3**

#### **E-Commerce and Social Media**

# **3** Social Media

#### What is E-commerce?

E-commerce involves the purchase and sale of products and services via the internet. You will hear and see the following terms when you investigate e-commerce platforms suitable for your business:

B2C - business-to-consumer

B2B - business-to-business

C2C - consumer-to- consumer

Cross-border refers to e-commerce that is conducted internationally. This is when consumers buy online from merchants, located in other countries and jurisdictions and then import the products to their home countries.

#### **China's Internet Landscape**

# **E-commerce shopping in China**

With many E-Commerce site to choose from, online shopping in China is hugely popular. Technology developments enabling smarter websites and faster more reliable shipping will continue to accelerate customer demand.







## **Digital media platforms in China are different**

In China, there is limited access to Google, Twitter, Instagram, Facebook, YouTube and EBay.

Instead China has its internet ecosystem with its own platforms.





It has been reported that 75% of research conducted by Chinese consumers prior to making a purchase occurs on Baidu, therefore any company or brand needs to have a good ranking on Baidu to be visible.

Baidu also has its own websites and redirects 27% of its traffic to these sites: Baidu Zhidao (Q&A), Baidu Baike (Wikipedia), Baidu Tieba (Forum). This means that, in order to promote your website on the Chinese internet, you also have to be active on Baidu's affiliate websites.

Two of the most popular and used social networks in China are WeChat and Weibo and many companies promote their business, products and services through these two platforms. Consumers also use these platforms to search for information and recommendations about products.





5		
	/	



# 938 million

Posts are only visible to connections (family, friends, followers). It is more popular in Tier 1 and 2 cities

identity to users

Known for its communication services including voice and video

Designed for mobile. Desktop

Users can set up stores to sell products. WeChat Wallet enables purchases to be made within the app

Communicates one-to-one. Enables brands to develop close

#### **E-commerce and Seafood**

On average, the Chinese eat around 35.9kg of fish and seafood annually. In some areas, such as in Shanghai, consumption levels are exceeding 40kg per capita per year

While the overall proportion of seafood sold online is still relatively small, this is expected to change as part of the rapid growth in fresh food e-commerce that is occurring because of the growth in cold chain logistics. Coldchain infrastructure such as storage capacity and the number of refrigerated vehicles now on the road in China is growing by 15-30% per annum.

Platforms focusing on seafood business-tobusiness (B2B) e-commerce in China include:





Source: Fabinyi, 2018



# **Appendix 4**

**Useful Exporter Resources** 



#### **Australian Food Standards Code**

Products sold on the Australian market (the domestic market) must comply with the food standards code. The Code includes general food, food product, food safety and primary production standards and details requirements for:

- Additives
- Food safety
- Labelling

#### Safe Food Queensland **Documentation**

#### Management Statement (MS)

Suitable for lower risk activities including the production of live and whole seafood products transportation and temperature controlled storage.

A Management Statement provides the required details without the more complicated risk assessment and supporting programs that are required for higher risk activities.

#### Sources of information -The relevant links to the Food All food producers in Queensland Standards Code are here: must also comply with the http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/ requirements set out by SafeFood code/primaryproduction/seafood/ Oueensland pages/default.aspx (see page 36) http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/ code/primaryproduction/seafood/ documents/Safe Seafood Aust with cover.pdf



Required for "higher" risk activities such as cooking, cooling or drying of seafood products, pasteurisation, or any processing activities.

A FSP details all aspects of a business, from inputs, product descriptions and temperatures, right through to cleaning, maintenance and pest control.

It involves a risk assessment to identify where any possible issues may arise, how to recognise these issues, what the acceptable limits are and what to do to rectify the situation should issues occur.

Appendix 4

#### **Hazard Analysis & Critical Control Points (HACCP)**

#### There are **7 Principles of HACCP:**

- 1. Conduct a Hazard Analysis
- 2. Identify the Critical Control Points
- 3. Establish Critical Limits of the Critical Control Points
- 4. Monitor the Critical Control Points
- 5. Establish Corrective Actions
- 6. Verification of the Procedures
- 7. Record Keeping

#### What is a food safety hazard?

A food safety hazard is any agent with the potential to cause adverse health consequences for the consumers. They may be biological, chemical, allergenic, and/or physical.

#### What is a risk?

A risk is the chance (high or low) that any hazard will actually cause harm.

#### **Steps to develop a HACCP** Checklist



Here is a link to a useful resource to help you: https://www.foodsafety.com.au/resources/templates





#### **Australian Fish Names Standard**

All seafood exports should comply with the Australian Fish Names Standard. These are progressively being loaded into EXDOC.

#### Sources of information -



Further information can be obtained here: http://seafoodstandards.com.au/fish-names/Pages/default.aspx

> A searchable database can be accessed here: http://www.fishnames.com.au

## **Approved Arrangement**

The following documents are typically included in an Approved Arrangement

- 1. Business practices and commitment to food quality and safety
- 2. Management review
- 3. HACCP
- 4. Food safety monitoring, controls and corrective action
- 5. Pest control
- 6. Effective internal verification
- 7. Internal audits and corrective action closeout
- 8. Staff training, knowledge and skills
- 9. Product traceability, protection from contamination and safe handling of goods
- 10. Product recall procedure
- 11. Importing country requirements
- 12. Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) and Good Hygiene Practices (GHP)

# Q: What is GMP and GHP?

- Clean as you go
- 📀 Wash and sanitise hands thoroughly
- Cleaning standards including sanitisation
- Not coming to work when ill
- Clean and tidy dress code
  - snoods, aprons, ear plugs

A: Company policies and procedures such as

Wearing appropriate PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) e.g. steel cap boots or gum boots, gloves, hard hat, hair nets, beard

Appendix 4

#### **Other Useful Resources**

Names of resources S		Services provided by resources	Contacts
	Australia's federal and s	tate governments	
	Department of Agriculture	The Department provides export controls and assistance on exporting goods from Australia.	http://www.agriculture.gov.au/export/controlled- goods/fish/step-by-step#step-3-register-with-the- department
	Australian Trade and Investment Commission (Austrade)	Austrade provides information on current export opportunities, key export markets and help accessing the right people in these markets.	https://www.austrade.gov.au/
	Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry	Chambers of Commerce provides national and international business development assistance to businesses in each state of Australia. States' Business Chambers have various schemes specialised for supporting small businesses, including business tours, tradeshows, grants, export tools and other export development programs.	https://www.australianchamber.com.au/ States' Business Chambers NSW https://www.nswbusinesschamber.com.au/ SA https://business.sa.gov.au/ WA https://cciwa.com/ QLD https://www.cciq.com.au/ Vic https://www.victorianchamber.com.au/ Tas http://www.tcci.com.au/Home NT https://www.chambernt.com.au/
	State Department of Fisheries	Regulations and assistance regarding commercial fishing and fish business operations.	NSW https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/fishing SA http://www.pir.sa.gov.au/fishing WA http://www.fish.wa.gov.au/Pages/Home.aspx QLD https://www.daf.qld.gov.au/ Vic https://vfa.vic.gov.au/ Tas https://dpipwe.tas.gov.au/
	China's departments		
	China's State Administration for Market Regulation	This is a rich source for China's market regulation and supervision as well as updates of China's national laws.	http://samr.saic.gov.cn [English and Chinese]
	China custom	Export related Customs into China	http://english.customs.gov.cn/ [English]
	Trade events in China		
	China Fisheries & Seafood Expo	Fisheries & Seafood Expo	http://chinaseafoodexpo.com/ [English]
	Food and Hotel China	Food and Hotel expo	http://www.fhcchina.com/en/ [English]
	SIAL China	Food innovation exhibition	http://www.sialchina.com/ [English]

Names of resources	Services provided by resources	Contacts	
Grants/loans			
Austrade	Export Market Development Grands (EMDG)	https://www.austrade.gov.au/Australian/Export/ Export-Grants	
Export Finance and Insurance Corporation (Efic)	Australian Government's export credit agency providing Australian exporters with a range of specialist finance solutions to help them take on the world.	https://www.efic.gov.au/	
Food Innovation Australia Limited (FIAL)	Funding available for food innovation	https://fial.com.au/connection-to-funding	
Export regulations			
Export Control (Fish and Fish Products) Orders 2005	This guide will help you comply with Australian export laws and meet importing country requirements.	https://www.legislation.gov.au/Details/ F2011C00766	
Step-by-step guide	This guide will help you comply with Australian export laws and meet importing country requirements.	http://www.agriculture.gov.au/export/controlled- goods/fish/step-by-step#step-3-register-with-the- department	
China's importing country requirements	This provides the detail of export requirements by China as the country.	https://micor.agriculture.gov.au/Fish/Pages/ china/china.aspx	
Consultancies			
Food Innovation Australia Limited (FIAL)	An industry-led, not-for-profit organisation focused on growing the share of Australian food in the global marketplace.	https://fial.com.au/	
Export Council of Australia (ECA)	The Peak Membership Body for companies involved in International Business	https://www.export.org.au/	
Australia China Business Council (ACBC)	The premier business organisation dedicated to promoting business and trade between Australia and the People's Republic of China.	http://www.acbc.com.au/	
Other export developme	ent resources		
Seafood Trade Advisory Group	Seafood Exporters China Toolbox	https://www.seafoodtradeadvisory.com/seafood- exporters-toolbox.html	



For further information www.honeyandfox.com.au





Australian Government



